Image Files

ColorSyncWorkflow: From Input to Output

ColorSync is a system-level way of communicating the physical color capabilities of a specific device—whether it is a display, a scanner, a camera, or a printer. This is accomplished with files called profiles—

there's one per device. They reside in a ColorSync Profiles folder

ColorSync-savvy applications embed profiles in image files when

they are saved. They use profiles to understand the source of images

and properly display them depending on where you will print. All of

he communication takes place behind the scenes on the Macintosh

The instructions for displays and printing devices are automatically

inside the System Folder on your Macintosh.

describe the capabilities of each component in a color workflow. Once displays and devices have been profiled, ColorSync makes working with color transparent and automatic to all users—no matter where they are in the color publishing process.

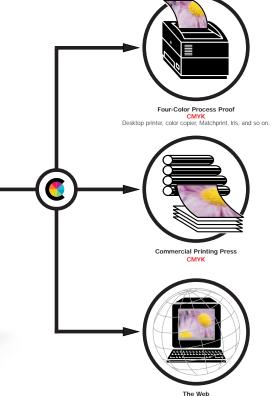
Scanners and cameras, even those of the same make and model have different ranges of color sensitivity. The range is described in a ColorSync profile, which resides in the System Folder. Profiles are created by special software that measures color values of known color patches that have been scanned or photographed.



Image Output

CMYK: CMYK output types—such as process proofs and printed pieces-have individual ranges of color reproduction based on the paper, pigments, method of printing, and even environmental factors. A ColorSync profile captures this range and communicates it to supporting applications so that what you get in print is what you expect.

RGB: In the case of the Web, browsers that support ColorSync read profiles within image files and adjust the viewer's RGB display on the fly, making color communication a reality across platforms and around the world.



Glossary

Many of the following terms and definitions are taken with permission from a new book on color management. The GATF Practical Guide to Color Management, by Richard M. Adams II and Joshua Weisberg. For more information on this book or color management training, contact the Graphic Arts Technical Foundation. On the Internet. go to www.gatf.org.

The process of ensuring that all color production devices (scanners, monitors, printers) conform to an established state specified by the manufacturer, user, or an industrywide specification or standard.

Characterization

The process of determining the output of a system in response to a known input. Characterization provides a way of deriving the color gamut and reproduction characteristics

model based on human sensitivity to the visual spectrum of light; L*= lightness, a*= red-green axis of the space, b*= blueyellow axis of the space.

Refers to color management module, a color transformation algorithm that accepts color data and translates it to another color space referencing

A three-color instrument for measuring light reflected from a surface or transmitted by an object, relating reflectance or transmittance to a mathematical model of calibration/characterization of monitors

coordinates that mathematically defines the hues and shades a device can print or display.

Translating a color image from the color space of one device to that of another. Also known as color transformation.

Delta E (ΔE)

Distance in CIE L*a*b* color space between two colors. Delta E is used to indicate total color difference and establish quantitative color tolerances.

A black-and-white or four-color instrument for reading the amount of light reflected by a surface or transmitted by an object. Reflection densitometers are used to read the density of process-color inks on press

as well as to calculate other values such as dot gain, ink trap, and hue error. Transmission densitometers are used

Net percent increase in halftone dot size (or tone value) throughout the tone scale or at a specified percentage. A dot gain of 20%, then, signifies that a 50% tint reproduces at 70% apparent dot area.

to read density of black-and-white film.

International Color Consortium, an internationally accredited committee that sets standards for color profiles. See "Profile

Linearization A specific type of calibration in which an output device is adjusted to deliver a straight-line relationship between input and output. For example, an imagesetter is linearized to output halftone dot values within a certain tolerance of those input

Profile or ICC Profile

Developed by the ICC and introduced in 1995, a profile is a standard file format that communicates measured color output of a system or device in response to a known input. Its data describes a device's characterization to applications and operating systems that support the format.

An instrument for reading reflectance or transmittance of light at specified increments throughout the visible spectrum. Spectro densitometric and colorimetric variables.

More than 100 products, from page-layout software to printers, support ColorSync. For a complete list, see www.apple.com/colorsync.

Apple Computer, Inc. Apple Studio Display with ColorSync

PressView Systems, ColorMatch Separation Lab, ProSense Display Calibrator www.radius.com

Apple Computer, Inc. ColorSync www.apple.com

Heidelbera

www.heidelberg.com

Eastman Kodak

Kodak Professional Colorflow Solutions www.kodak.com/go/colorflow

Products That Build a ColorSync Workflow

Agfa Gevaert NV www.anfa.com Imation Corp.

ColorSynergy www.candelacolor.com Color Solutions

(Imaging Technologies Corporation) ColorBlind Professional, ColorBlind Edit, ColorBlind Parachute, ColorBlind ICC Viewer

MonacoMATCH, MonacoPROFILER, MonacoCOLOR, MonacoBATCH www.monacosys.com

Praxisoft, Inc.

www.praxisoft.com

Sonnetech, Inc.

www.sonnetech.com

and Related Software

Color Partnership, Inc. OptiCal

Color Savvy Systems Limited ColorMouseToo!, ProfileScanner ProfileMonitor ProfilePrinter

Gretag-Macbeth

www.gretagmacbeth.com Pantone, Inc. Pantone Personal Calibrator, Pantone Color Reference Card, ColorDrive

www.pantone.com

www.colorsavvy.com

DTP 41. DTP 92. ColorTron. www.xrite.com

ColorSync has always been an open solution to another; RGB to CMYK, for example. methods for performing these conversion which are called "color management mod ules," "CMMs," and sometimes "Engines. With ColorSync 2.5.1, you have a choice in CMMs. Heidelberg (Linotype) and Kodak CMMs are included. Agfa and Imation CMMs

HEIDELBERG-





ColorSync is recognized as the standard for color management in the newspaper industry worldwide. To address the need for expertise in the field, IFRA, the world's leading association for newspaper and media technology, will soon offer training programs leading to Apple ColorSync Consultant certification in its Darmstadt Germany, facility. In a partnership with Apple, the IFRA training center will provide access to Power Macintosh G3 computers and ColorSync displays For more information, contact the IFRA Training Manager, Frank Wolfraum, at

IFRA ColorSync Training

www.apple.com/publishing/ama/01029

Four Easy Steps to Setting Up ColorSync Profiles in Photoshop



While Adobe Photoshop® 5 brings the benefits of ColorSync color management into the mainstream, some initial input to the Photoshop default settings is required to customize it for design and print publishing. To avoid complications, follow the steps at right before opening or creating your first file.

Start by selecting Color Settings from the File menu. The following four steps progress in the order of the Photoshop Color Settings options-RGB Setup, CMYK Setup, Grayscale Setup, and Profile Setup.

With these few steps, you can make device-independent color management part of your daily work life. Photoshop 5 will automatically embed, or write, ColorSync/ICC profiles in image files and establish a known "working" color space for each one. You'll be able to count on color that looks the same on different workstations and across platforms.

Get ColorSync Free



very Macintosh computer Download the latest version along with sample profiles,

plug-ins, and sample AppleScript scripts from the ColorSync web site at

RGB Setup

With this release. Adobe has included predefined, device-independent RGB color paces in which to work. In earlier versions your RGB working space was your monitor, which led to color shifts between work stations and unpredictable results in print.



The default setting for RGB is "sRGB." It is the native color space for some scanners, ink-jet printers, and PC monitors. Because of its smaller gamut, it is not recommended for the print publishing community.



- . Select ColorMatch RGB or Apple RGB. not sRGB, for print. ColorMatch RGB is based on the Radius PressView display and currently best fits the range of color reproducible in print and displayable on the monitor. If you prefer to use the same setting Adobe Photoshop 4 used as default RGB working space, choose Apple RGB.
- . Gamma, White Point, and Primaries automatically change to those shown.
- · Check the box for Monitor Compensation so that real-time color conversion between the Photoshop working space and the monitor is in effect.

Provided that the people who are editing mages keep their displays calibrated and use the same RGB working space, they will see the same color. Notice that Apple Multiple Scan 17-9300 is shown under Monitor. Photoshop provides for the conversion between ColorMatch RGB and the signal sent to your monitor, identified by the profile seen in your Monitors &

∠, CMYK Setup



elect CMYK Setup.

- The default dialog box assumes you will use Photoshop separation tables when changing color modes from RGB to CMYK for print. Experienced users can
- Beginners can get professional results

r the Profile, select the actual printing device to account for color reproduction

- . Engine stands for the CMM (color man agement module) used to do a transformation; CMMs from Linotype, Agfa Kodak, and Built-in (Adobe) are possible choices. Select ColorSync for conver-sions to CMYK; the choice is subjective.
- Intent stands for "rendering intent." It should be left at Perceptual for color
- Until hardware and software allow users to find and set their monitor's black point, leave Black Point Compensation unchecked or it might clip your gamut.

3. Grayscale Setup

- · RGB Grayscale provides a composite gray, made up of equal amounts of red. compensation for dot gain. It is the setting to use when images will appea on the Web
- Black Ink Gravscale is based on Photoshop separation tables. Its gray behaves like the black plate of a CMYK e, including compensation for dot gain It is the preferred setting when images will be printed.



Get More Details

For a more detailed explanation of Photoshop 5, visit the Adobe web site

4. Profile Setup

Photoshop must be told when you want it to embed profiles, if at all, and how to account for missing or different color profiles when an image is opened.



Choose to embed profiles for all color spaces in the top region of the dialog box—RGB, CMYK, Grayscale, and LAB (CIE L*a*b*). Check all boxes under Embed Profiles. Exceptions to the "always embed" rule include the following:

- Images that will exist in a user interface that requires very specific colors
- · Pictures bound for the Web that use a limited palette of colors
- . Test targets used for calibrating and characterizing color capture and output

Profile Exceptions

Opening Images Without Profiles hen opening images without an embedded profile, Photoshop gives you two hoices for tagging images in the Assumed Profiles interface. Either set the Profile Setup to automatically tag and convert untagged images if you know where they were last edited, or select Ask When Opening to decide on a case-by-case basis. The Ask When Opening option posts the following dialog box when you open an untagged image



- · Set the From value to show the last device that displayed or printed the image
- · Set the To value to show the color space

Your settings for RGB and CMYK Setups

- Engine, or color management module (CMM), is the method used for the conversion. Start with ColorSync.
- · Intent should be left at Perceptual for
- Do not check the Black Point

Compensation box. Opening an Image with a Profile Mismatch

When you open a tagged image for which the last user had a different working color space, there is a Profile Mismatch. Tell toshop how to handle this situation for RGB, CMYK, and Gravscale images. The default setting is to convert automatically to the current RGB working space; this is not recommended. The Ask When Opening option gives you a chance to see the revious working space and make an informed choice when the dialog box at right appears.

. The From value shows the image's current working space, sRGB.

From: SRGB (EC61966-2.1 Don't Convert Cancel Convert

- . Set the To value to your chosen working
- · Set the Engine to ColorSync . Set the Intent to Perceptual.
- . Do not check the Black Point Compensation box.

When performing a profile-to-profile con version on an image, such as one tagged for Matchprint CMYK going to Color LaserWriter CMYK, work with a copy of an original file. Currently, the tag that specifies the origin is not preserved in the conversion, and you might experience

Supporting Electronic Commerce

GoLive CyberStudio Brings Color Accuracy to the Web



In the world of electronic commerce, color accuracy can make the difference between a satisfied customer and a product return. In fact, most online catalog returns are due to false color expectations.

GoLive CyberStudio 3.1 is the first web editor to support Apple ColorSync. With CyberStudio, designers can preview and use images with embedded ColorSync profiles. The result: Consumers who use a browser that supports ColorSync (such as Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.01) will see product colors as intended by the web designer and the online retailer.

customers. Fewer product returns. Less



To make sure CyberStudio 3.1 acknowledges on. Go to the Edit menu and select references. In the Preferences window select the ColorSync icon. Check the box that says Display Images using ColorSync To see the name of the ColorSync profile

used to display the image correctly, simply select the image and look in the Embedded

text field of the Image Inspector. That's all there is to it. Now when you display images with ColorSync profiles you'll get the color quality you expect.

To find out more about e-commerce solutions from GoLive, visit www.golive.com

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Huge Cost Savings

PhotoDisc found that ColorSync resulted in huge cost savings, too. "We used to do two or three rounds of proofs for each version of each catalog," says Hawkey. "Now we're getting it right the first time. We've cut time and costs substantially and have a better product as a result!"

PhotoDisc

Supports Customers with ColorSync Profiles

every medium, whether in print, over the Web, or on CD.

All that has changed. "Today, we produce our print-

ed materials using a color-managed environment.

The quality of our images is consistent no matter

who prints them or where they are printed."

How does one of the world's largest providers of digital stock images help customers

achieve excellent results? PhotoDisc supplies 24-hour customer support, a CD on

color management, and source profiles for the images on its web site. This approach

assures customers that the images they buy will meet their expectations in any and

Gary Hawkey production manager says that PhotoDisc first brought scanning in-house

and implemented a ColorSync workflow to address the problem of color inconsistency

from catalog to catalog. "Even though the images were the same, the image quality

per catalog varied from the U.S. to Germany to Japan to the U.K.," he recalls.

PhotoDisc became a true ColorSync champion when it saw how the technology could improve customer service. According to Hawkey, "All our mages are scanned in LAB color and delivered in RGB with a ColorSync profile for preview or print. That means customers using ColorSync start out with a much larger color gamut and can see images the way PhotoDisc and our photographers intended. We never limit the color available to our users—this is especially advantageous for customers who use the images in multiple ways

The Monitor's Like a Lightbox

Today, that's practically everybody. Designers and art directors want to use images in all media, from print to Web to CD. With ColorSync, it is easy to maintain color and quality consistency, despite differences in color spaces. "As an industry, it's important that we use a ColorSync monitor in the same way we use a lightbox. A digital image can have the same color integrity as a transparency," says Hawkey.

Color accuracy has become an important brand distinction for PhotoDisc, which is why the company is a member of the International Color Consortium (ICC), the organization responsible for setting standards for digital color.

So what does the future hold for PhotoDisc? The company will look for more inventive ways to help its customers. Just take a look at its web site, www.photodisc.com, where you are able to buy high-quality images all day, every day.



Prentice Hal Soft-Proofs with ColorSync

At Prentice Hall, currently part of Simon & Schuster, ColorSync tal imaging and spearheading the color management initiative is proving its worth to textbook editors and designers faced enlisted the help of a consultant to begin making profiles of with tight deadlines, hundreds of color images to proof, and no time to make trusted Matchprint or Cromalin proofs ColorSync lets them soft-proof images on a calibrated display. the devices every five days keeps profiles valid. But periodically previewing in simulated CMYK how images will look in print The process has proven accurate enough to make color decisions and give final approvals.

Color Sync at Work

colorSync standard software for managing color, ColorSync delivers consistent, predictable, and reproducible color from

screen to finished product. More than 100 hardware and software products now support ColorSync, encouraging companies,

large and small, to discover its power. Find ColorSync intriguing, but aren't sure how it will benefit your workflow?

Read how three diverse companies use ColorSync to gain control over color—and save time and money along the way.

Apple ColorSync is a universal colo translator—it's the answer to every creative professional's goal of gaining

color control at all levels of production, from design to prepress to multimedia to printing. The industry-

Getting It Right with Profiles

Today ColorSync and more than 100 related products make

Simon & Schuster's Corporate Digital Archive, operating digi-

its scanner, AppleVision and PressView displays, an Iris proofer,

and the Matchprint process of service providers. Linearizing

Simon & Schuster makes a new profile using its own spec-

trophotometer and ColorBlind software from Color Solutions.

Ware adds that there were some early naysayers who refused

the display was very close but not an exact match to a proof.

tolerance and that you can make color decisions based on it.

Now that ColorSync has proven its print-based capabilities

Riccardi, "Color accuracy is often overlooked in new-media

its future looks bright for CD and web publishing. Says

CDs and on the Internet. This will change in the future,

especially with significant growth in electronic commerce,

to have anything to do with ColorSync because color on

*The benefits come after realizing that it is well within

New Directions

and we hope to be

color predictability more attainable and straightforward.

"I'm sold that the technology is viable," says David Riccardi, Assistant Vice President/Director of Production and Manufacturing for PH Engineering, Science and Math Textbooks, Although editors and designers are just getting acquainted with ColorSync-based color management, he predicts, "By this time next year, hard-copy proofing will be drastically reduced to about 20 percent of current usage:

The Proof's in Reducing Proofs

The economics of reducing hard-copy proofing cycles are compelling. Todd Ware, Associate Director of Digital Imaging, says that a typical 400-page, four-color textbook might have an average of 400 color images. "If images are ganged 24 to a sheet and proofed, we would need 16 Matchprints and 10 to 12 staff hours to produce them. At about \$250 apiece, we're looking at a cost of \$4,000. With ColorSync, we softproof many images and do a random sample of 25 images on a single Iris for a total of only \$11 for the inside of the book."

At Prentice Hall, ColorSync was integrated into the publishing workflow one segment at a time. About six years ago, its ESL and Career & Technology Divisions started down the road to color control by questioning the quality of scanned images it received from service providers. With pre press experience, the division felt it could deliver comparable in-house scans. Starting with gray-scale photos, the publishe optimized photos digitally to get good gray-scale tone reproduction on press. The next challenge was scanning color images and getting predictable results in print

Packaging Quality SACO Foods, a Wisconsin marketer of specialty foods, has

Saves Costs While Improving

SACO Foods

used ColorSync to reduce package design costs by nearly 90 percent. And it managed to recoup its initial \$10,000 investment-in a scanner, spectrophotometer, self-calibrating display, and ICC profiling software—on its first project

More than cost savings SACO Vice President and Art Director Anthony Sanna appreciates gaining greater quality control. Previously, he had used service bureaus and engravers to handle scanning, color separations, and proofs on proprietary systems—a time-consuming and expensive process. A small color change in a chocolate dipped strawberry, for instance, meant talking to the engraver's salesperson, who then passed the instructions to the Scitex operator, who was left to interpret the inexac request for "a little deeper red." New film and Cromalins were made, returned by the salesperson, and invariably marked up with new instructions for the engraver's color crew. This frustrating cycle of revisions pushed typical costs to \$15,000 for scans, selective color corrections, film and proofs on a single food package design. "We're going from the design stage to plates for under \$2,000 now. Sanna says, "with greater control and creativity than in the

ColorSync also helped to resolve another vexing situation As output options for print expanded beyond the fourcolor, sheetfed press, color consistency in finished piece had become a continuous problem. Printed samples from a Heidelberg DI often did not compare favorably with previous film-to-plate jobs, and archived images used for trade show banners rendered poorly on large-format inkjet printers. Using ColorSync, Sanna found he could control color quality and minimize outside variables. "Instead of being forced to accept lower quality on press or discarding unusable printed pieces, we can focus on creative issues,"

How SACO Started

Sanna turned to Camera & Darkroom Digital in Santa Fe for help in selecting hardware and software to solve his color problems. He also spent several days learning from Andrew Rodney and other experts at Camera & Darkroom Digital. Additions to his Macintosh system included a Radius PressView display and graphics card capable of measuring its characteristics via a colorimeter, as well as a Digital Swatchbook spectrophotometer by X-Rite and Linotype-Hell's PrintOpen software to make ICC profiles for printing devices. A new Saphir Ultra scanner from Linotype-Hell and software upgrades to Photoshop and Apple ColorSync completed the package.

Getting Started for Less SACO's configuration is more robust than many designers

need. It's easy to reduce initial costs by using outside vendors who own and operate expensive measuring instruments required to generate a few necessary profiles. This cuts equipment overhead. Sanna.

suggests that creative professionals could start with an Apple ColorSyn

display and get a few pro files from a consultant for a reasonable cost. Not included in this setup Photoshop 5, which Sanna considers to be sinnals already own.

News for the Creative Community